

Light hypernuclei based on chiral interactions at next-to-leading order

Andreas Nogga^(a), Johann Haidenbauer^(a), Ulf-G. Meißner^(a,b)

^(a) Forschungszentrum Jülich, Institute for Advanced Simulation (IAS-4), Institut für Kernphysik (IKP-3), and Jülich Center for Hadron Physics, D-52425 Jülich, Germany

^(b) Helmholtz Institut für Strahlen- und Kernphysik and Bethe Center for Theoretical Physics, Universität Bonn, D-53115 Bonn, Germany

We present predictions for the binding energies of the light hypernuclei ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$, ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ and ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ based on Faddeev- and Yakubovsky equations in momentum space as described in [1]. We discuss how such results can help to test the existing hyperon-nucleon (YN) potential models and effective field theory based YN interactions. Especially, we show results for the chiral interactions at next-to-leading order [2].

- [1] A. Nogga, H. Kamada, and W. Glöckle, “The hypernuclei ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ and ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$: Challenges for modern hyperon nucleon forces,” *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **88** (2002) 172501, [arXiv:nuc1-th/0112060](#).
- [2] J. Haidenbauer, S. Petschauer, N. Kaiser, U.-G. Meißner, A. Nogga, *et al.*, “Hyperon-nucleon interaction at next-to-leading order in chiral effective field theory,” [arXiv:1304.5339 \[nuc1-th\]](#).

E-mail: a.nogga@fz-juelich.de